Year	Number of Acceptable Routes	Total Birds	Birds per Route
1966	40	32,281	807
1967	37	30,966	837
1968	31	24,092	777
1969	35	28,738	821
1970	38	30,797	810
1971	36	30,582	850
1972	37	33,331	901

1036 Pike Road, Birmingham 35218

Ed. Note: Just after the deadline for this publication, I was informed by Tom Imhof that all of the 42 established routes in Alabama had been run in 1973, and that all but 4 had been reported by March 1. I would like to congratulate all of you who ran routes in *73 and encourage you to do as well in 1974. (WRM)

BANDERS CORNER

James V. Peavy, Jr.

As for all birders, the summer season is a fairly slow season for bird-banders. For most of us, the month of June is taken up with the Breeding Bird Surveys, and July-August is the hottest time of the year. I remember well one day in August when I set up my mist nets in a proven area - the total catch for $8\frac{1}{2}$ hours of effort was 0 birds.

Summer is not a totally non-productive time, however, because this is the season when Bob Reid sends out the call for the Cedar Valley Farms Expeditionary Force. For those of you who are not familiar with this group, I shall give a brief explanation. Each year for the last 5 years, Mr. Robert R. Reid, Jr. of Birmingham has undertaken a study of the Barn Swallows nesting in the barn owned by Tom and Mary McClellan of Leeds, Alabama. In conjunction with his study, Mr. Reid has always had a bander join him to aid in catching the adult birds and to band new birds encountered. Banders who have joined in this project include Mike Bierly, Harriett Wright, the K. R. Kittingers and myself. Much interesting information has been gained from this study, and this year the first recovery of a nestling banded in the barn was made when I caught an adult in Franklin County on May 21, 1973, which was banded by Harriett Wright on June 22, 1970. This indicates that birds born in the barn seek out new nesting areas, while recoveries of adults show they return to the same barn year after year to nest.

In contrast with the summer, the fall season is a very busy and exciting time for bird-banders. This year four Alabama bird-banders made an attempt to band fall migrants on the Gulf Coast, where they congregate before heading further south. Our plan called for two banders to work on Dauphin Island and two to work on the Fort Morgan Peninsula. Margaret Miller and Tuck Hayward were on Dauphin, while Tom Imhof and I were at Fort Morgan. As you might expect, such concentrated effort provided several interesting records. Margaret Miller banded 114 birds of 40 species including a Mourning Warbler, 4 Swainson's Warblers and a Dickcissel. Tom Imhof banded 170 birds of 35 species, including over 30 thrushes of various species and a late Prairie Warbler. I banded 272 birds of 45 species including a late record for Swainson's Warbler.

In addition to these, there was a Catbird recovered in Pembroke, Ontario on September 15, 1973, which was banded by Tom Imhof at Fort Morgan on October 21, 1972. Also, a Fox Sparrow banded by Tom Imhof on November 1, 1969 was recaptured by him on October 21, 1973 at a nearby location in Ensley.

SUMMER BIRD COUNT

JACKSON COUNTY, FLORIDA (Marianna, Florida)

Count area: Circle within Jackson County, Florida, centered in Marianna, not exceeding 40 miles in diameter; June 9, 1973; 6 a.m. to 11 p.m.; Clear; Temperature 64° to 88°; Wind SW 0-10 mph; 8 observers in 4 parties; Total party-hours 28.5, of which 1.5 at night (6 on foot, 19 by car, 3.5 by canoe); Total party-miles 199.5 (4.5 on foot, 186 by car, 9 by canoe).

Anhinga 7, Great Blue Heron 4, Great Egret 12, Snowy Egret 5, Cattle Egret 524, Little Blue Heron 86, Green Heron 18, Yellow-crowned Night Heron 36, White Ibis 35, Wood Duck 8, Turkey Vulture 23, Black Vulture 27, Mississippi Kite 10, Cooper's Hawk 1, Red-tailed Hawk 2, Red-shouldered Hawk 4, Broadwinged Hawk 2, Bobwhite 91, Purple Gallinule 4, Common Gallinule 20, American Coot 11, Rock Dove 20, Mourning Dove 61, Ground Dove 28, Yellow-billed Cuckoo 20, Screech Owl 1, Barred Owl 6, Chuck-will's-widow 10, Common Nighthawk 9, Chimney Swift 14, Ruby-throated Hummingbird 2, Belted Kingfisher 7, Common Flicker (sub-species yellow-shafted) 2, Pileated Woodpecker 7, Red-bellied Woodpecker 25, Red-headed Woodpecker 6, Downy Woodpecker 5, Eastern Kingbird 32, Great Crested Flycatcher 40, Acadian Flycatcher 8, Eastern Wood Pewee 1.

Rough-winged Swallow 6, Purple Martin 162, Blue Jay 83, Common Crow 37, Fish Grow 15, crow sp. 30, Carolina Chickadee 6, Tufted Titmouse 31, Carolina Wren 29, Mockingbird 145, Brown Thrasher 27, Wood Thrush 3, Eastern Bluebird 1, Blue-gray Gnatcatcher 3, Loggerhead Shrike 40, Starling 10, White-eyed Vireo, 38, Yellow-throated Vireo 5, Red-eyed Vireo 8, Prothonotary Warbler 10, Northern Parula Warbler 51, Yellow-throated Warbler 5, Pine Warbler 3, Kentucky Warbler 8, Common Yellowthroat 20, Yellow-breasted Chat 15, Hooded Warbler 8, House Sparrow 48, Eastern Meadowlark 18, Red-winged Blackbird 79, Orchard Oriole 20, Common Grackle 75, Brown-headed Cowbird 29, Summer Tanager 8, Cardinal 106, Blue Grosbeak 17, Indigo Bunting 38, Rufous-sided Towhee 45, Bachman's Sparrow 7, Field Sparrow 6.

Total 79 species, about 2509 individuals. -Bob Duncan, Marion and Mary Gray (co-compilers - P.O. Box 50, Marianna, Florida 32446), Nancy and Wilbur Roberts, Donald and Frances Scott, Stephen Stedman.

FIELD NOTE: PROTHONOTARY WARBLER EATEN BY FISH

Bob G. Meadows

On Saturday, June 2, 1973, at approximately 7:30 a.m., I witnessed the death of a male Prothonotary Warbler (<u>Protonotaria citrea</u>). The bird was eaten by a largemouth bass. At the time of the incident, I was fishing in a small boat on Lady Ann Lake in Madison, Alabama, ten miles west of Huntsville on Alabama 20.

I first noticed the bird flitting around quite near me in the brushy treetops that jut out all over the man-made lake. The birds nest in holes in these dead trees and spend a good deal of time quite near the surface of the water. The little fellow was hopping on some small twigs no more than a foot above the lake when his bright, golden color apparently attracted the attention of a largemouth bass lurking beneath the surface. The calm lake exploded furiously as the huge fish lunged into the air. The little bird vanished within the cavernous, gaping jaws and was gone. The ripples on the surface subsided and the lake was still once more.

2716 Holiday Drive, S.W., Huntsville 35805