Nos. 3-4

THE 1967 BIRMINGHAM MIGRATION COUNTS

ALABAMA BIRDLIFE

Robert R. Reid, Jr.

A colorful day of spring migrants and the brilliant foliage of autumn hardwoods highlighted the 1967 migration counts conducted by the Birmingham Audubon Society, using the Christmas Bird Count area and rules.

The spring count was held on May 6. Weather was mostly cloudy; temperature 62° to 73° ; winds southerly 8 mph, a tornado striking the western edge of the area an hour before dusk. Twenty-nine observers (10 parties) logged $99\frac{1}{2}$ party-hours, traveling 446 miles $(390\frac{1}{2}$ automobile, 53 foot, $2\frac{1}{2}$ cance) recorded 137 species and 9,934 individuals. Three additional species observed within a week of the count made a total of 140. Twelve records in abundance were set for the area.

The fall count was held on October 28. Weather was clear. Winds northerly 5 mph; temperature 38° to 66°. Thirty-three observers (nine parties) spent 97 party-hours, traveling 421 miles (372 automobile, 49 foot) to record 93 species and 15,479 individuals. The fall count was held later than in previous years in an attempt to get late departures and the bulk of winter residents, resulting in 25 species recorded during the count period but not on the count, making a total of 118 species. Fifteen late departure and early arrival records were set. These exclude a few individuals remaining into the winter, as the Little Blue Heron, Common Egret, Blue-winged Teal, Blue-gray Gnatcatcher, Yellow-breasted Chat and Rose-breasted Grosbeak. If a 11-23-53 Solitary Sandpiper was considered a wintering bird, the one on the fall count would be a late migrant.

Birds Observed On The Counts

	Spring	Fall		Spring	Fall
Common Loon		*(n)	Lesser Scaup	14	2
Pied-billed Grebe	4	25	Ruddy Duck	• '	5
Great Blue Heron	1	· 3	Hooded Merganser		*
Green Heron	19(g)		Red-br. Merganser		*
Little Blue Heron	101	1(1)	Turkey Vulture	7	8
Common Egret		1(m)	Black Vulture	•	*
Y-cr Night Heron	3		Sharp-shinned Hawk	1	1
American Bittern	1		Cooper's Hawk		1
Elue Goose (b)	1	1	Red-tailed Hawk	2	4
Mallard	7	8	Red-shouldered Hawk	3	10
Gadwall		3	Marsh Hawk	_	*
Green-winged Teal		3	Pigeon Hawk		2
Blue-winged Teal	2	2(m)	Sparrow Hawk (c)	1	14(e)
American Widgeon		*	Bobwhite	154	22
Shoveler		*	Turkey	2	
Wood Duck	6	4	American Coot	15	479
Redhead		*(n)	Semipalmated Plover	1	•
Ring-necked Duck	2	103	Killdeer	6 8	193
Canvasback		4	American Woodcock	*	

	Spring	Fall		Spring	Fall
Common Snipe	5	38	Carolina Wren	185(d)	158
Spotted Sandpiper	20		L-billed Marsh Wren	*	*
Solitary Sandpiper	16	1	S-billed Marsh Wren	1	1
Greater Yellowlegs	•	*	Mockingbird	279	204
Lesser Yellowlegs	1	1(m)	Catbird	29	1
Pectoral Sandpiper	-	*	Brown Thrasher	76	37
Least Sandpiper	12	18	American Robin	240	283
Herring Gull		*	Wood Thrush	180	*(m)
Common Tern		*	Hermit Thrush		6
Mourning Dove	296	608	Swainson's Thrush	10	
Y-b Cuckoo	55(d)	1	Gray-cheeked Thrush	1	
Bl-b Cuckeo	2	-	Veery	4	
Screech Owl.	ī		Eastern Bluebird	47	85
Great Horned Owl	ī	2	B-g Gnatcatcher	58	1(1)
Barred Owl	-	ĩ	G-c Kinglet	80	- (- /
Chuck-will's-widow	12	-	R-c Kinglet	4	77
Common Nighthawk	16		Cedar Waxwing	92	• •
Chimney Swift	481		Loggerhead Shrike	8	14
R-thr Hummingbird	7		European Starling	947	5.992
Belted Kingfisher	19	21	White-eyed Vireo	82	- •
Y-s Flicker	63	98 ′	Y-throated Vireo	40	
Pileated Woodpecker	-	28	Solitary Vireo		*
R-b Woodpecker	74	68	Red-eyed Vireo	228	*(m)
R-h Woodpecker	44	31	Warbling Vireo	1	• • •
Y-b Sapsucker	2(k)	38(e)	B-&-W Warbler	28	*
Hairy Woodpecker	11	9	Prothonotary Warbler	35(f)	ı
Downy Woodpecker	48	63	Worm-eating Warbler	2	
Red-c Woodpecker	4	6	G-winged Warbler	1	
Eastern Kingbird	107(g)		B-winged Warbler	17	
Western Kingbird	1(h)		Tennessee Warbler	27	16
Gr-cr Flycatcher	144		O-crowned Warbler	-•	*
Eastern Phoebe	1 8	32(e)	Nashville Warbler	3(i)	*(m)
Acadian Flycatcher	28		Parula Warbler	10	, ,
Least Flycatcher	2		Yellow Warbler	134(d))
E. Wood Pewee	129(d)		Magnolia Warbler	2	1
Bank Swallow	21		Cape May Warbler	6	
Rough-w Swallow	40		Myrtle Warbler	26	253(f)
Barn Swallow	22		B-thr-Green Warbler	4	3
Cliff Swallow	2		Cerulean Warbler	6	-
Purple Martin	218		Blackburnian Warbler	• 3	2
Elue Jay	330	383	Y-throated Warbler	23	
Common Crow	125	188	Chestnut-s Warbler	23	
Carolina Chickadee	149	219	Bay-breasted Warbler	. 4	
Tufted Titmouse	167	132	Blackpoll Warbler	14	
Wh-br Nuthatch	19	27	Pine Warbler	33	70(e)
Red-br Nuthatch	-	2	Prairie Warbler	55	
Br-hd Nuthatch	70	67	Palm Warbler	9	12(o)
Brown Creeper	• -	1	Ovenbird	6	*(1)
House Wren		1	Northern Waterthrush	1 3	ι-,
Winter Wren		7	Louisiana Waterthrus)
		•			•

Spring Fall Spring Fall Rose-b Grosbeak 86(d) 1(m) Kentucky Warbler 29 82 Blue Grosbeak 43 Yellowthroat *(k) Indigo Bunting 145 6 Y-breasted Chat 105(d) American Goldfinch 375 23 40 Hooded Warbler Canada Warbler 4 Rufous-sided Towhee 330 194 Savannah Sparrow 46 22 American Redstart House Sparrow 703 478 Grasshopper Sparrow Vesper Sparrow 1(i) 169 10 Bobolink 177 196 Slate-colored Junco Eastern Meadowlark 378 814 Chipping Sparrow Red-w Blackbird Field Sparrow 72 92 Orchard Oriole 53 Baltimore Oriole 21(g) White-cr Sparrow *(j) White-th Sparrow 35 301 Rusty Blackbird 225 892 Fox Sparrow Common Grackle 2(m) Br-headed Cowbird 122 107 Lincoln's Sparrow 39(e) Swamp Sparrow 5 108 Scarlet Tanager 2 Summer Tanager 78 Song Sparrow 126 376 216 Cardinal

Explanation of Notations

- * Observed within a week of the count date but not on the count.
- (b) A permanent resident on East Lake since first reported on 4-19-66.
- (c) Total numbers of individuals include two unidentified hawks and five unidentified Empidonax Flycatchers on the spring count and 1,500 unidentified blackbirds on the fall count.
- (d) High state record for abundance in Alabama.
- (e) High inland record in abundance for Alabama, except for a fall ceilometer casualty record in the case of the Scarlet Tanager.
- (f) High record in abundance for Northern Alabama.
- (g) High record in abundance for Mountain Region of Alabama.
- (h) Second inland spring record of this western species in Alabama.
- (i) Late state record for Alabama.
- (j) Late state record, outside of the Tennessee Valley.
- (k) Late inland record for Alabama.
- (1) Late record for Northern Alabama.
- (m) Late record for Mountain Region. Tie records for Blue-winged Teal and Nashville Warbler. The Lesser Yellowlegs was a cripple, minus a wing.
- (n) Early record for Mountain Region.
- (o) Three Palm Warblers were banded and were the yellow eastern race.

Participants (party leaders underscored) of both counts were: Naomi Banks, Andrew K. Bates, Raymond D. Bates, Michael L. Bierly, Jack N. Carusos, Walter F. Coxe, Blanche E. Dean, Mildred Ferris, Ann and Fred Fish, Corinne Glaze, Ed Greene, Helen H. Kittinger, Christine Leake, Clustie McTyeire, Annie Bestor Mitchell, Margarette K. Persons, Robert R. Reid, Jr., and Idalene F. Snead. Spring count only: Elizabeth Archibald, Ruth Brabston, Jerome B. Couch, Dan C. Holliman, Morton H. Perry, Rose Perry, Margie Tillotson, Joan Whittaker, and Lawanda Woods. Fall count only: J. Russell Bailey, Mary Burks, Ruth Carmichael, Dale Carruthers, Steve and Kevin Carusos, Blanche H. Chapman, John M. Imhof, Thomas A. Imhof, Ricky Kittinger, Wilma Lindberg, Virginia Nancarrow, Elberta G. Reid, and Harriett H. Wright.

2616 Mountain Brook Parkway Birmingham, Alabama 35223

GENERAL NOTES

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AVOCET RECORD

Two American Avocets, <u>Recurvirostra americana</u>, were collected one mile north of Montgomery, Montgomery Co., Alabama, August 20, 1967. They were in a shallow, one-acre open pond with a small flock of Eluewinged Teal. This is the first record for the upper coastal plain for this western species. There has been only one specimen for the state and it is in the National Museum. The specimens reported here are in the collection of the Alabama Department of Conservation. - Robert W. Skinner, State Conservation Department, Montgomery, Alabama, 36100.

WHITE - WINGED SCOTER RECORD

A female White-winged Scoter, Melanitta deglandi, was seen in the Gulf of Mexico, one mile west of Pelican Point, Dauphin Island, Mobile Co., Alabama, on August 12, 1967. The bird was about 200 yards off shore and was approached to within 30 yards by boat. This represents an early record for the Gulf Coast. - - Robert W. Skinner, State Conservation Department, Montgomery, Alabama, 36100.

LONG - BILLED CURLEW RECORD

A single Long-billed Curlew, <u>Numenius americanus</u>, was sighted on the beach at Destin, Okaloosa Co., Florida, July 23, 1967.— Robert W. Skinner, State Conservation Department, Montgomery, Alabama, 36100.